SAMPLE

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION WRITTEN PROGRAM
FOR

VOLUNTARY USE OF
DUST MASK RESPIRATORS

OSHA Health Consultation Program
WI State Laboratory of Hygiene

This material is provided by the Wisconsin State Laboratory of Hygiene under a grant funded largely by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), and agency of the U.S. Department of Labor.

This sample program is provided as an aid in training employers to write their individual programs. It does not alter the requirements of the OSHA respiratory protection standard (29 CFR 1910.134). This sample program must be tailored to accommodate the particular and unique hazards encountered in that employers location and work processes.

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PROGRAM FOR THE VOLUNTARY USE OF DUST MASKS

This program is designed to protect employee health even though it has been determined that respirators are not required. Filtering face piece dust masks will be allowed for those employees who wish to use them. This program is designed for compliance with OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.134(c)(2)(i) with the exception in 1910.134(c)(2)(ii).

(position) has determined that respirators are not required for the following jobs, tasks, or departments:

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The use of dust mask respirators by employees is strictly voluntary.

(position) will provide and employees are to read Appendix D of the OSHA Respirator Standard 29 CFR 1910.134, a copy of which follows:

Appendix D 1910.134 (Non-Mandatory) Information for Employees Using Respirators When Not Required Under the Standard

Respirators are an effective method of protection against designated hazards when properly selected and worn. Respirator use is encouraged, even when exposures are below the exposure limit, to provide an additional level of comfort and protection for workers. However, if a respirator is used improperly or not kept clean, the respirator itself can become a hazard to the worker. Sometimes, workers may wear respirators to avoid exposures to hazards, even if the amount of hazardous substance does not exceed the limits set by OSHA standards. If your employer provides respirators for your voluntary use, or if you provide your own respirator, you need to take certain precautions to be sure that the respirator itself does not present a hazard.

You should do the following:

1. Read and heed all instructions provided by the manufacturer on use, maintenance, cleaning and care, and warnings regarding the respirators limitations.

2. Choose respirators certified for use to protect against the contaminant of concern. NIOSH, the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, certifies respirators. A label or statement of certification should appear on the respirator or respirator packaging. It will tell you what the respirator is designed for and how much it will protect you.

3. Do not wear your respirator into atmospheres containing contaminants for which your respirator is not designed to protect against. For example, a respirator designed to filter dust particles will not protect you against gases, vapors, or very small solid particles of fumes or smoke.

4. Keep track of your respirator so that you do not mistakenly use someone else’s respirator.